

Improving water security for the poor

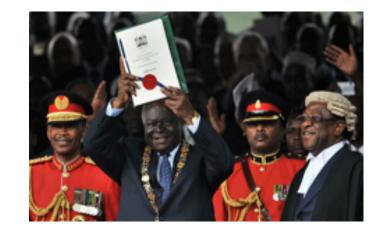
# Water policy choices in Kenya's 47 Counties

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# Human Right to Water & Constitutional Obligation



Kenya's constitution of 2010 states in Article 43(1) (d) that every person has the right to clean and safe water in adequate quantities.

Constitution defining the contract between the duty-bearers and the rights-holders.

#### Criteria for evaluating water service policy choices

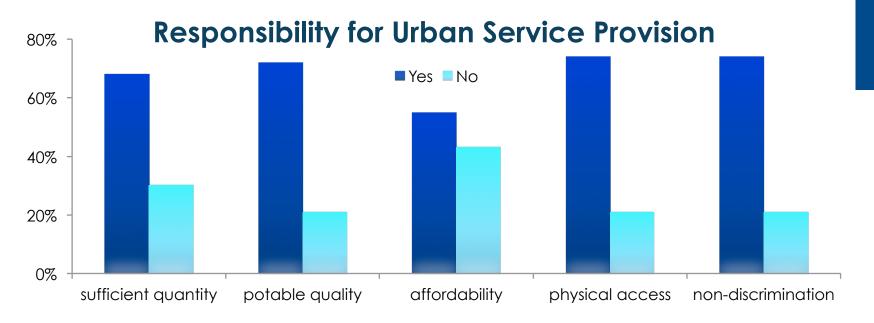
- 1. Sufficient quantity
  - 2. Potable quality
    - 3. Affordability
  - 4. Physical access
- 5. Non-discrimination

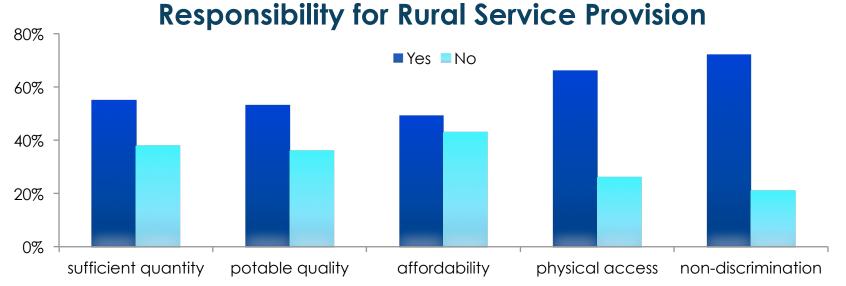
### Methodology



- Survey of 47 County Water Ministries (100%) in October to December 2015.
- 27 semi-structured interviews with national and county stakeholders in April to May 2015.
- Other sources:
  - General election results from 4 March 2013 (IEBC 2013),
  - 2015 Afrobarometer survey,
  - Global Aridity Index (CGIAR-CSI 2009),
  - 2011/12 WASREB data on water coverage,
  - 2005/06 Kenya Integrated Household Budget Survey (KNBS 2012),
  - 2009 Kenya Population and Housing Census (KNBS 2010).

## Water Service Responsibilities

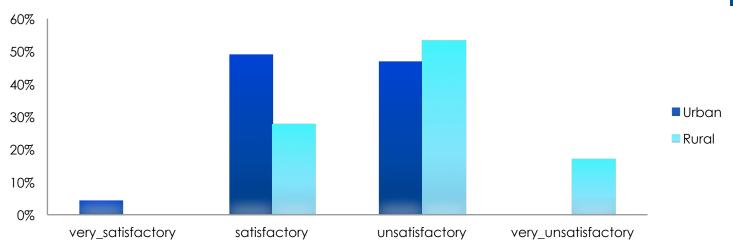




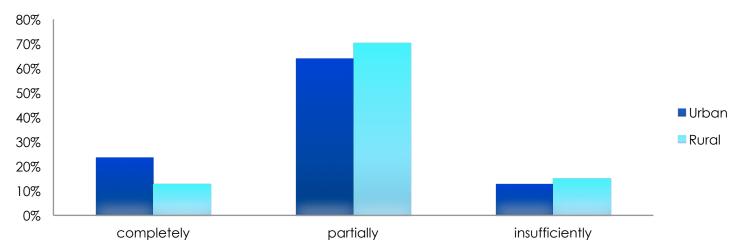
# County Government satisfaction and capacity with water service provision

County perspective

#### Satisfaction with drinking water provision in County



#### Capacity to fulfill water users' expectations



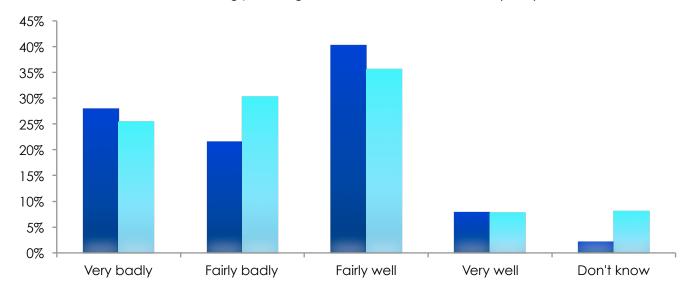
# Citizen perspective

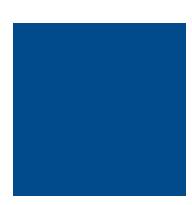
# Citizen perspective on water and sanitation service performance

### Performance of present government in handling provision of water and sanitation services

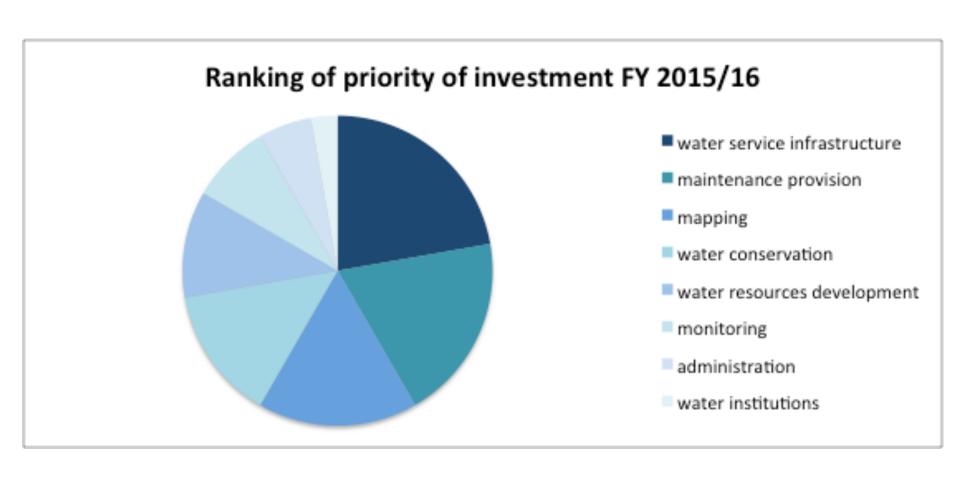
■ Handling providing water and sanitation services (2011)

Handling providing water and sanitation services (2015)





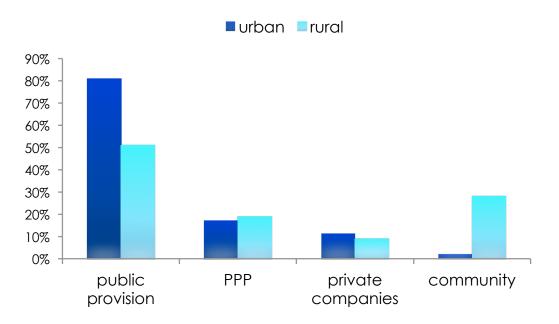
#### What are the priorities in the water sector?



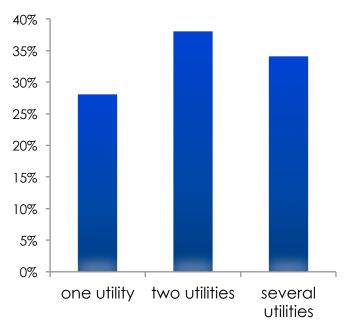
### Service provision arrangements

72% of Counties opt for 2 utilities or more

### Who would be best placed to maintain DW supply infrastructure in your County?



# Which of the following options would best work for your County?

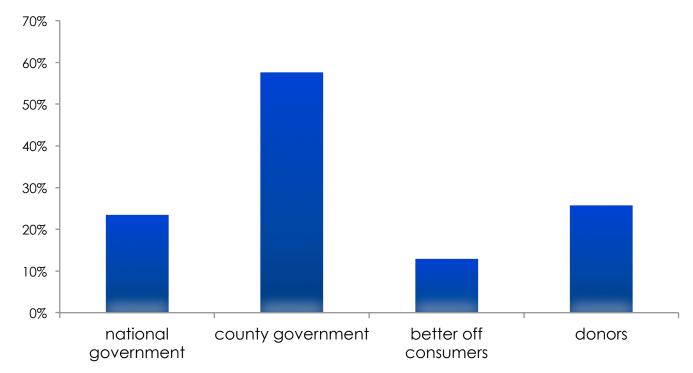


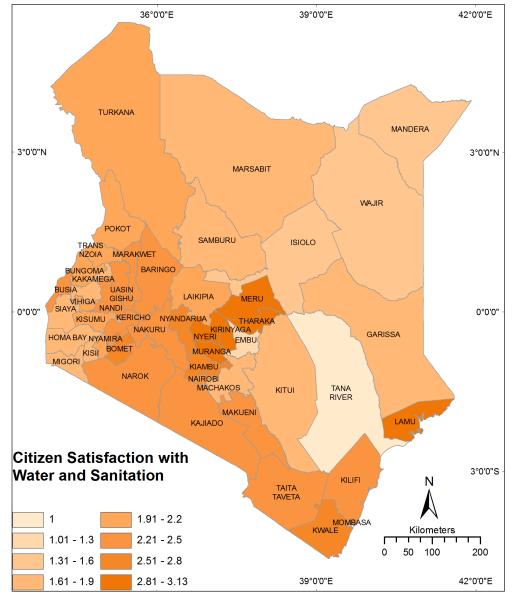
40% say users should pay full cost of water provision

### Who pays for water services?



#### Who should subsidise the cost?





# Factors influencing water policy choices

#### Constitutional mandate:

 Water Service Responsibility Index

### Political and socio-climatic risks:

- Election Margin
- Aridity
- Baseline Water Coverage
- County Water Budget
- Poverty Level
- Urbanisation Level
- Citizen satisfaction



### Thank you!

#### Questions and further information

#### **Related publications:**

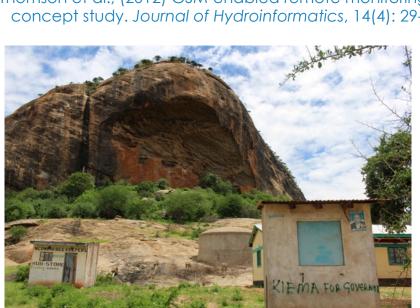
Koehler et al. (2015) Pump-Priming Payments for Sustainable Water Services in Rural Africa. *World Development, Vol. 74*, pp. 397–411.

Oxford/RFL (2015) Financial Sustainability for Rural Water Services – evidence from Kyuso, Kenya. SSEE Water Programme, Working Paper 2, Oxford University, UK.

Hope, R.A (2014) Is Community Water Management the Community's Choice? Implications for Water and Development Policy in Africa. *Water Policy*, 1-15.

Oxford/RFL (2014) From Rights to Results for Rural Water Services – evidence from Kyuso, Kenya. SSEE Water Programme, Working Paper 1, Oxford University, UK.

Thomson et al., (2012) GSM-enabled remote monitoring of rural handpumps – a proof-of-concept study. *Journal of Hydroinformatics*, 14(4): 29-39.



**Web**: <a href="http://www.smithschool.ox.ac.uk/research-programmes/water-programme/">http://www.smithschool.ox.ac.uk/research-programmes/water-programme/</a>

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